

CASE in Tools Hackathon Reflections (working title)

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Presented by Andrey Sadovykh, Innopolis University

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Thanks to the team Maria, Inna, Mansur, Vladimir and Sasha







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Hackathons in Education

CASE in Tools

Reflections and further steps

Outline

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Andrey's Background

Experience

- Project Manager, Coordinator 14 years
- Worked for
 - SWsoft, AIRBUS, SOFTEAM
- Worked with
 - European Space Agency
 - Thalès, Scania, Volvo, Nokia, SAP, Bombardier, ATOS, IBM, SIEMENS, EDF



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MSc MIPT PhD AIRBUS / Sorbonne Uni. MBA HEC Paris

- Areas of Interest
 - Distributed Systems
 - Model-driven Engineering applied ...
 - Software and services
 - Cyber-physical systems
 - Digital Innovation

Professional life

- •Biggest project: 20M€ / 20 Man Years
- •Biggest team: 100+ people, 26 companies,
- •Biggest challenge: juggling 6 projects at the same time + family.
- •Biz Travels: 404 days, 26 countries, 90 cities



Hackathons in software engineering education – lessons learned from a decade of events

J. Porras, J. Khakurel, J. Ikonen, A. Happonen, A. Knutas, A. Herala, and O. Drögehorn.

In Proceedings of ACM ICSE conference, Gothenburg, Sweden, 2018

DOI: 10.1145/3194779.3194783

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as, A. Herala, and O. Drögehorn. n, 2018



What is a Hackathon?

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Oxford Dictionary Definition hackathon

NOUN

informal

An event, typically lasting several days, in which a large number of people meet to engage in collaborative computer programming.

'a series of 48-hour hackathons to build new web and mobile services'

+ More example sentences

Origin

1990s: from hack, on the pattern of marathon.

Pronunciation ?

hackathon /ˈhakəθɒn/

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Why hackathons in education? Soft skills, engagement

- Team work
- Leadership
- Communication
- Management of Expectations
- Requirements Management
- End-user awareness

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- Creativity
- Presentation skills
- Business domain
 - knowledge
- Critical thinking,
 - justification
- Quick learning

Some history

1999

• Open innovation, Inter-disciplinary teams, Foster creativity

2003

• Students code camps, 24-hours events, New technologies by companies, Recruitment

2007



• Week long code camps

2010

• Industry hacks, Crowdsourcing, Business-oriented, Startups.

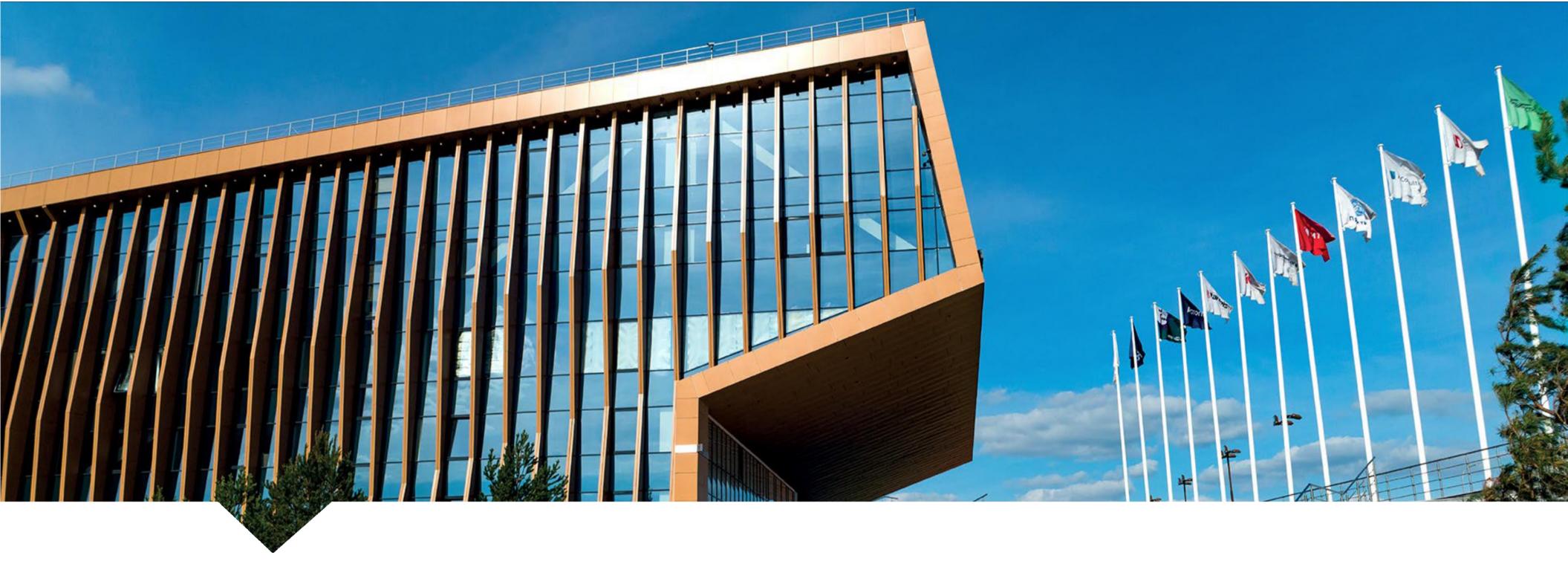
Basic taxonomy

Hackathon	Aims	Stakeholders	Outcomes
24-hour	Fast intro to new topics (e.g. those not available in current curricula). Learning by doing.	Universities, students, companies	Implementation, improved skills, new knowledge, fast prototypes
Week-long	Understanding the workings of selected topic. Learning by doing.	Universities, students, companies	Deep knowledge and skills of the event theme, working prototypes
Team building (Freshmen)	Bonding and acquaintance. A good start on studies.	Universities, students	Understanding of own strengths and weaknesses in programming.
Specialization	Getting a glimpse of multiple different technologies.	Universities, students, citizens	Technology and operability knowledge
Hack as an exam	Testing skills in a real project environment.	Universities, students	Knowledge of the skills each student has
Competition	Innovating solutions to a given challenge and first implementation. Emphasizing innovativeness.	Students, mentors	Skill to work with a real-world challenge, innovation capabilities, implementation, competition entry
Industry hack	Working and providing solution to a company-defined theme.	Companies, students	Ability to work on a real-world challenge and operation environment

Benefits and Challenges

- Extend core content without overstressing the curriculum
- Evaluate skills in real environment
- Teach soft skills in real settings
- Intensify stakeholder collaboration
- Fast track in studies
- Appreciation and recognition
- Hiring perspectives
- Product development, crowdsourcing

- Additional effort on faculty
- Participant's health
- Study-life balance
- Free-rider problem
- Uncertain outcome for companies



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Origins – Managing Software Development ©David Root, Eduardo Miranda

- People Management
- Processes
- Planning
- Case Studies
- Group work
- Tons of writing
- Exhausting workload
 - 51.5 front hours / 22.5 hs
 - Up to 20 hours / week home work

- - 1+ years of experience in industry
- Masters in Data Science
 - No experience requirements
- Challenges
 - **Students lacking experience**
 - Motivating
 - Conveying relevance
 - Real-life practice

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Masters in Software Engineering

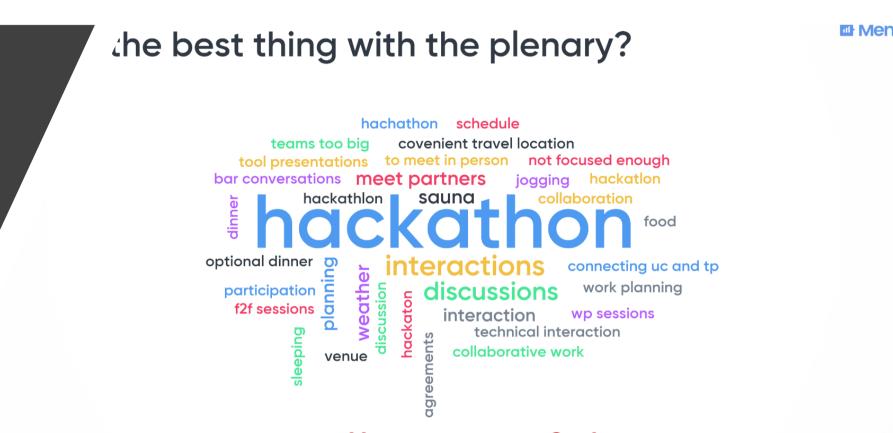
Origins. Hackathons in Research Projects

A. Sadovykh et al., "On the Use of Hackathons to Enhance Collaboration in Large Collaborative Projects : - A Preliminary Case Study of the MegaM@Rt2 EU Project - "2019 Design, Automation & Test in Europe Conference & Exhibition (DATE). 2019.

- Replacement to workshops
- Limited to 8 working hours
- Extensive preparation, remote homework
- Diverse challenges
- Teams include "customers"
- "Safe" and motivating environment
- "Home" internal competition
- On-line and fun voting among teams
- Frugal design

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Overall successful.



Design for Education Purposes

Goals	Des
	■ Sc
Expose to business domains	•
 Force soft skills development 	•
 Maximize communication with real "customers" 	
Expose to modern challenges in Soft. Engineering	•
Maximize benefits to "customers"	■ 81
Re-enforce communication Faculty-Industry	■ Ho
Constraints	
Study/work – life balance	■ Fr
Limited admin resources	

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sign

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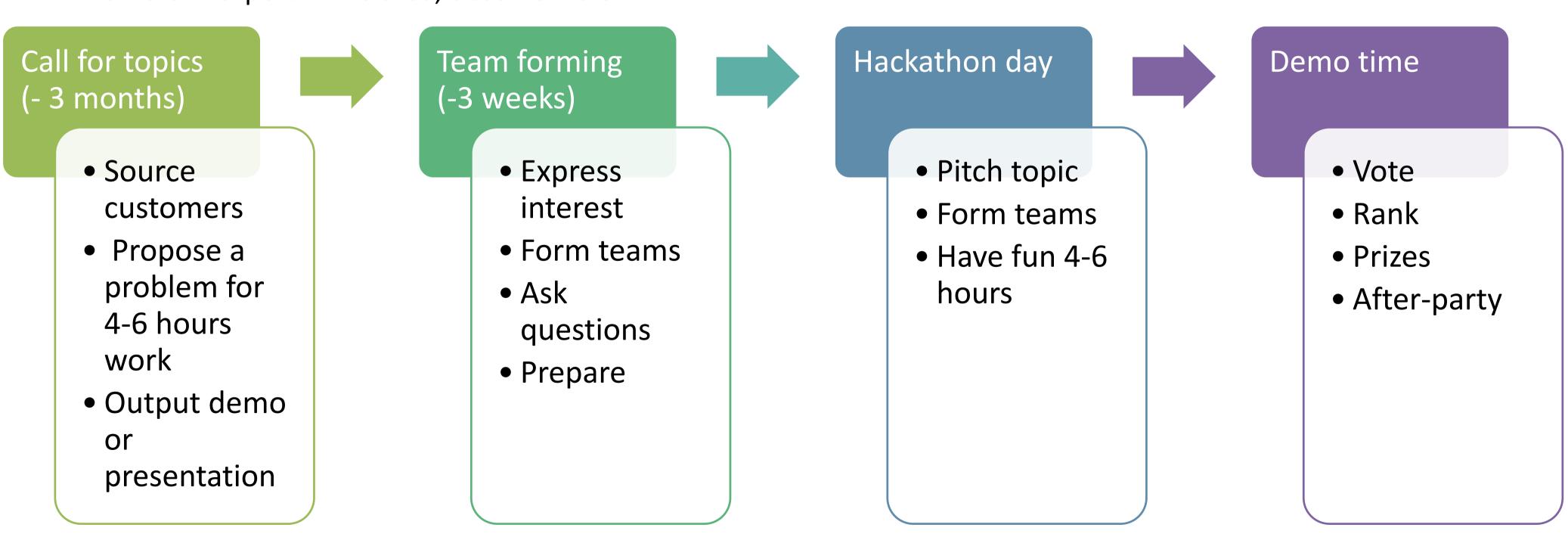
- Tool and methods in Soft. Engineering
- Final result = presentation. Show business motivation,
- tech contribution, future collaboration
- Customer is a part of the team
- Entertainment is the necessary part of the event
- hours working day even
- Good for students, companies, organizers

ome work

- Contact "customer" and "mentor"
- Re-define the scope
- Do as much as you can before
- ugal admin organization
- sharing admin resources with Tools 50+1 conference
- basics for working space, breaks, lunch
- low equipment requirements

Educational "Hackathon" process

- Stakeholders all in each team
 - Customers proposes topic, expert knowledge on the business domain
 - Students driving force
 - Mentors expert in the area, observer role





Sourcing paying customers (-3 months)

- Direct connections
- Mailing to IU network

Interviews

- Polling on benefits
- Explaining the process and organization
- Defining feasible scope
- Following up

- 8 customers found
- Direct connections worked only
 - Difficult to convey benefits to customers
 - No reply to cold mails
- Scoping worked fine
- Required 1-3 hours per customer
- Results published at the web-site



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Topics published (-3 weeks)

- Product Lines Engineering in Application
- Analysis of Enterprise Architecture Models
- Quality Analysis of Requirements
- Trace and Routing Optimization for HW design
- Continuous Integration of HW/SW systems
- Reverse Engineering Tools Usability
- API Usability
- Prediction of cloud resources utilization for optimal deployment
- Metrics and Dashboards for Mangement



REVaMP²





Acronis

SOFTEAM GROUP





Team forming and home work (-2 weeks)

- Students expressed their interest 1st, 2d, 3rd choice
- Organizers selected teams
- Organizers pulled IU mentors in related areas
- Organizers connected teams
- 4 Customers proposed related tutorials

- 34/44 students joined the event
- Extra grade help to pull attention
- Manual balancing of teams
- 1 company disappeared at the moment of payment
- Mentors pulling "almost" didn't work
- Tracking was required
- **Contacted customer?**
- Had interview with customer?
- Had meeting with mentor?
- Deployed infrastructure need for the hack?





Low mentor involvement

Day H Plan

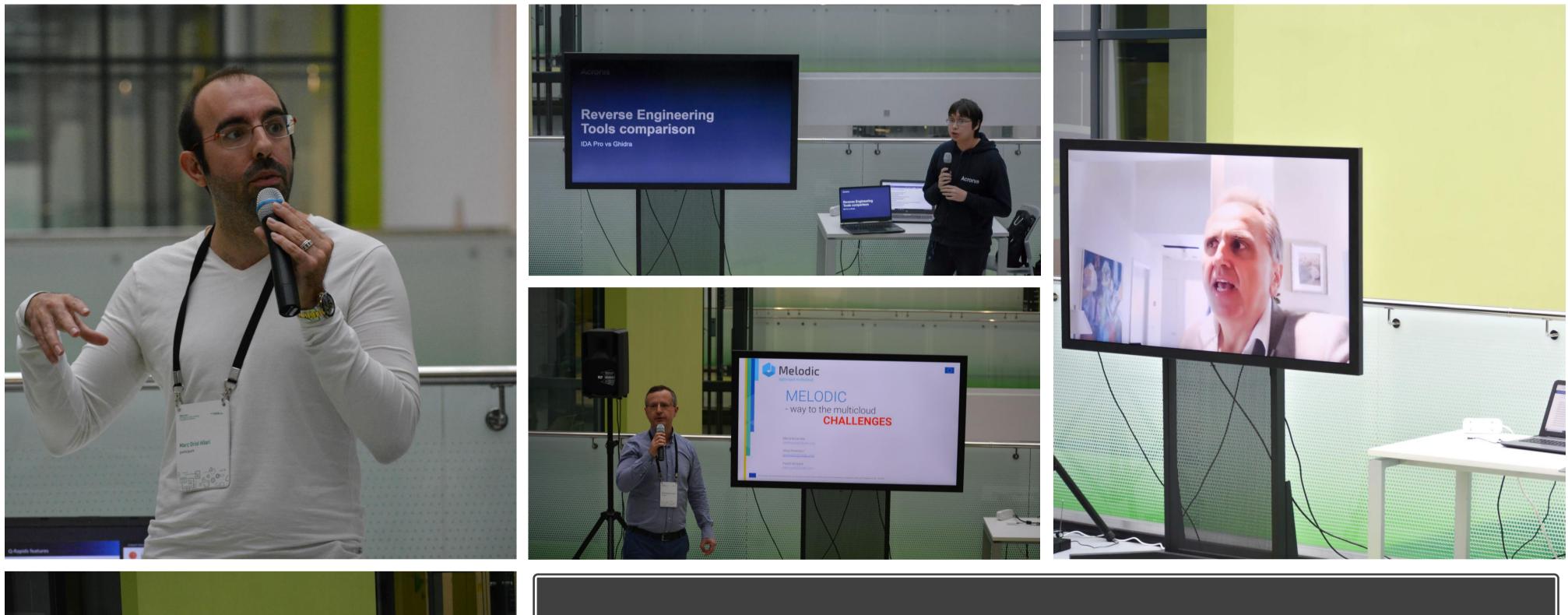
Time	Session	Lead	Duration
9:00	Morning coffee, and warm up.	organizers	0:20
9:20	Welcome and organizational intro	organizers	0:10
9:30	Case challenges - pitches	customers	1:00
10:30	Coffee break		0:15
10:45	Hackathon part 1	Teams	1:45
12:30	Lunch		1:00
13:30	Hackathon part 2	Teams	2:15
15:45	Coffee break		0:15
16:00	Presentations, voting and award ceremony	orgs+teams	1:00
17:00	End of the day		



Day H (plan)









Pitch session

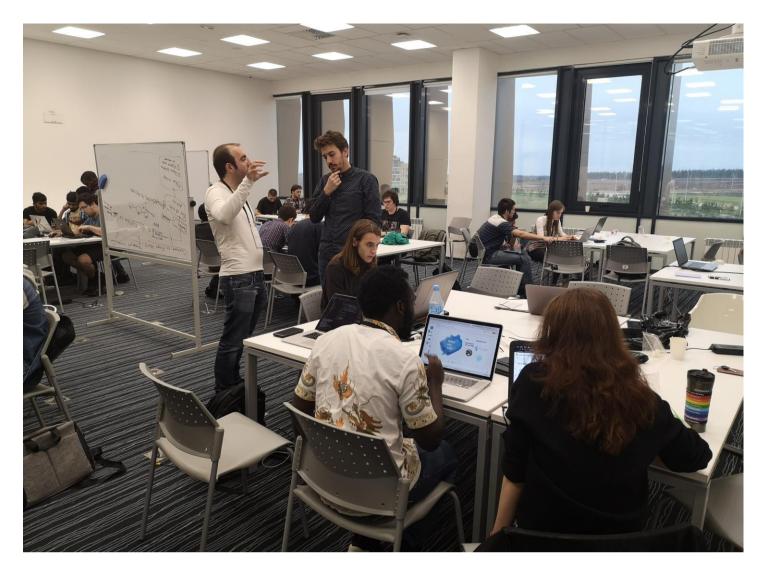
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Team work





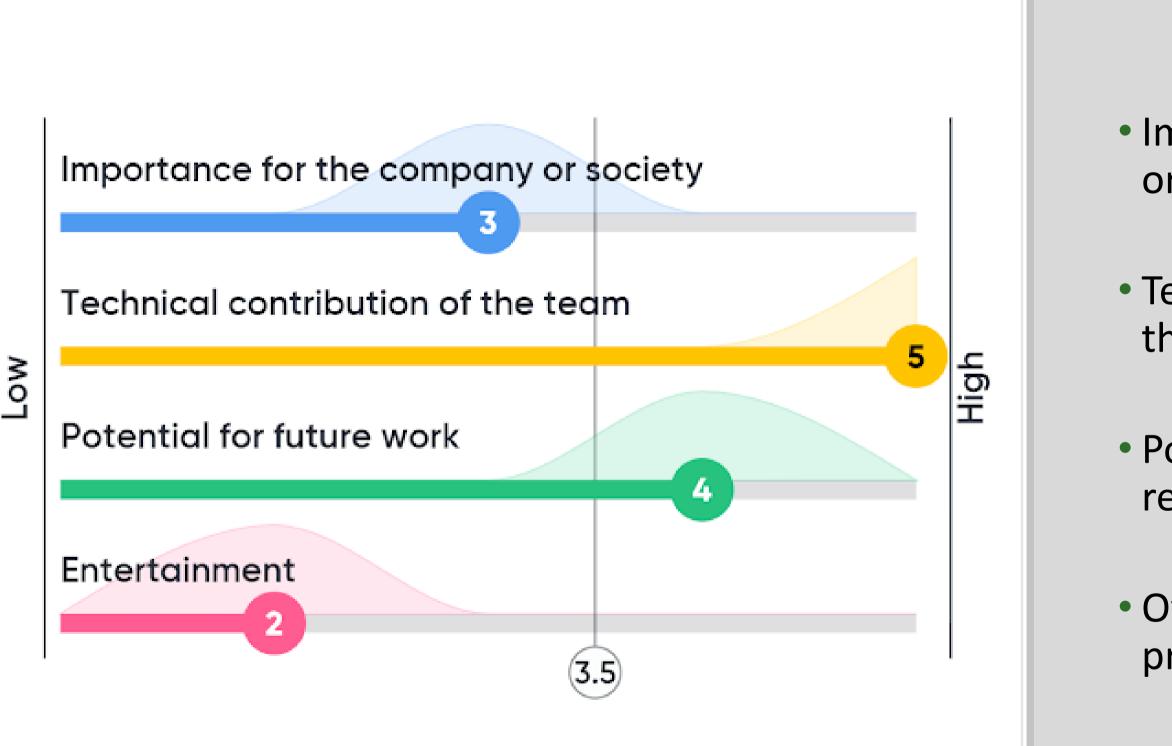


Team work

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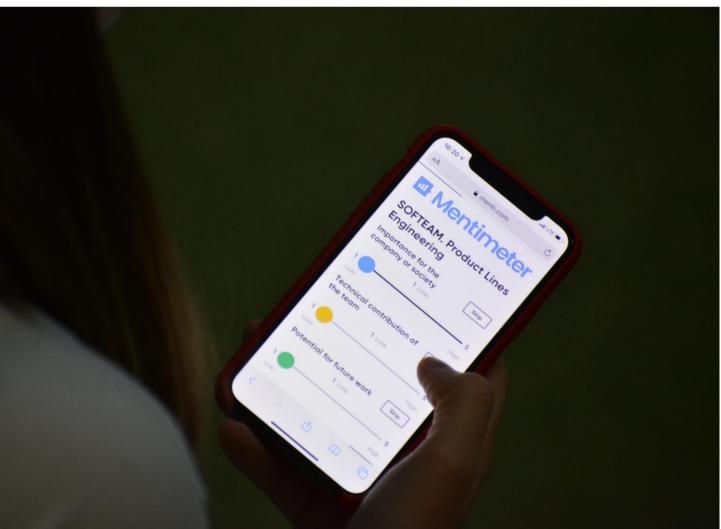
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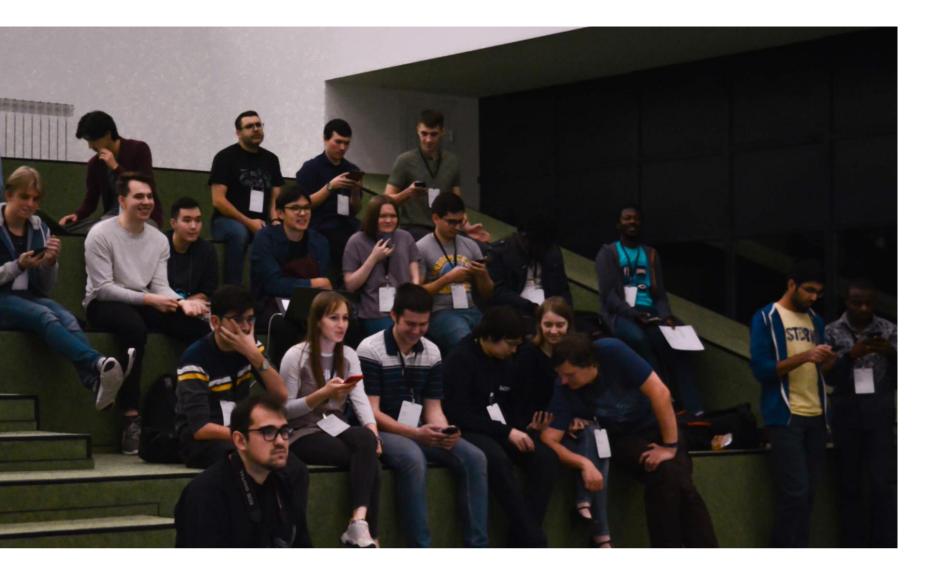
Voting

- Importance of the topic for the company or/and society
- Technical contribution of the team towards the objectives of the challenge
- Potential for the future work based on the results of the hackathon
- Overall entertainment level of the final presentation
- The team with the **best average score win**.



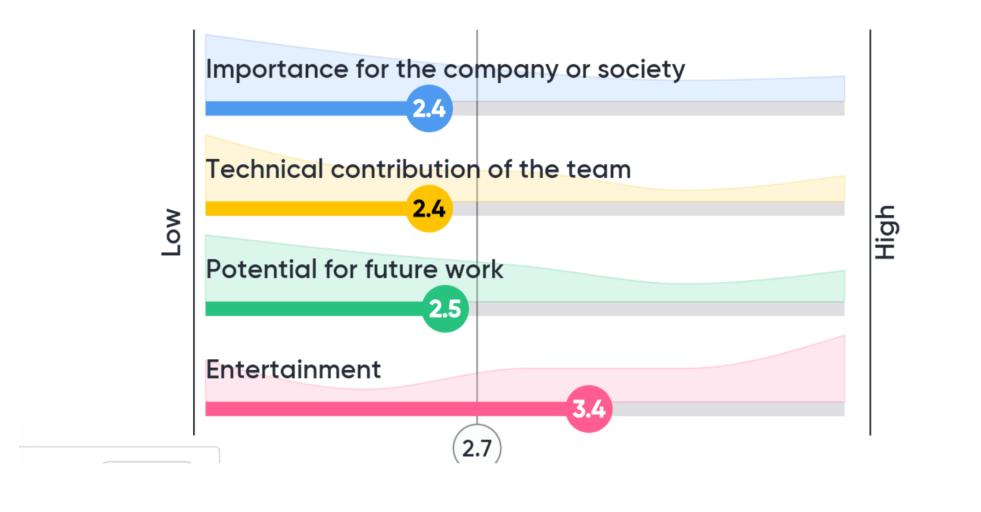


Voting



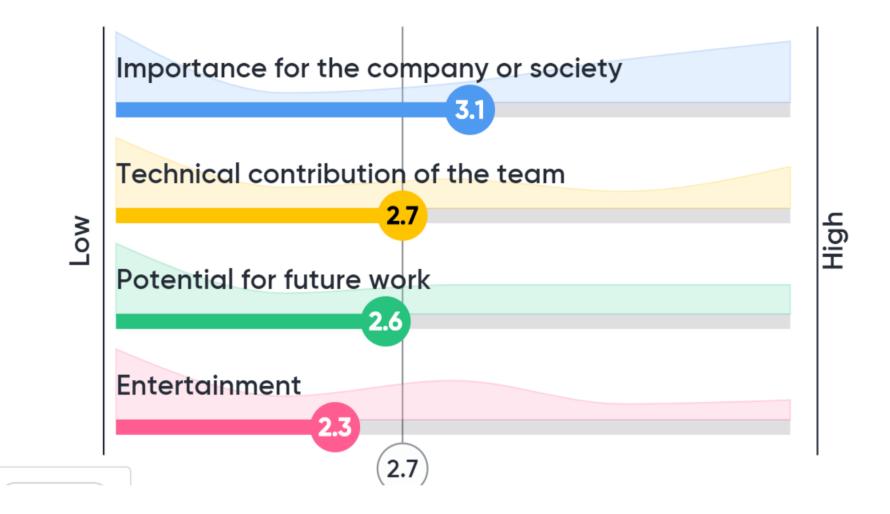


Reverse Engineering

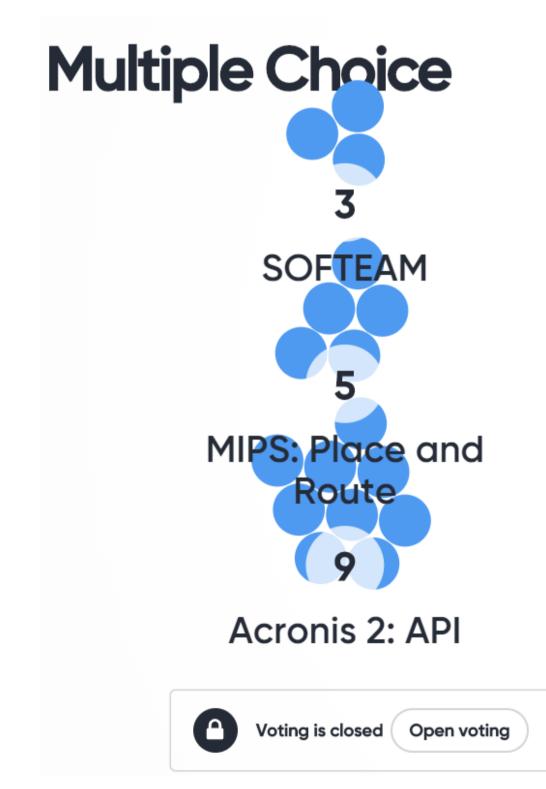


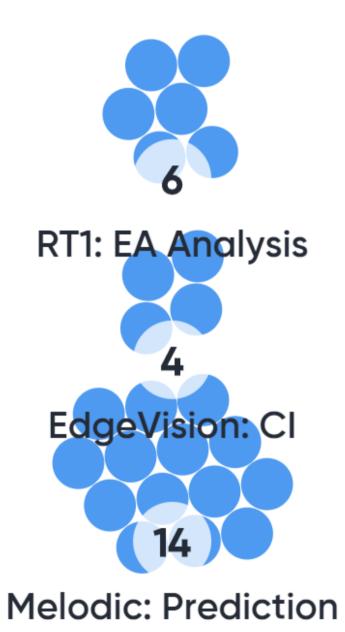


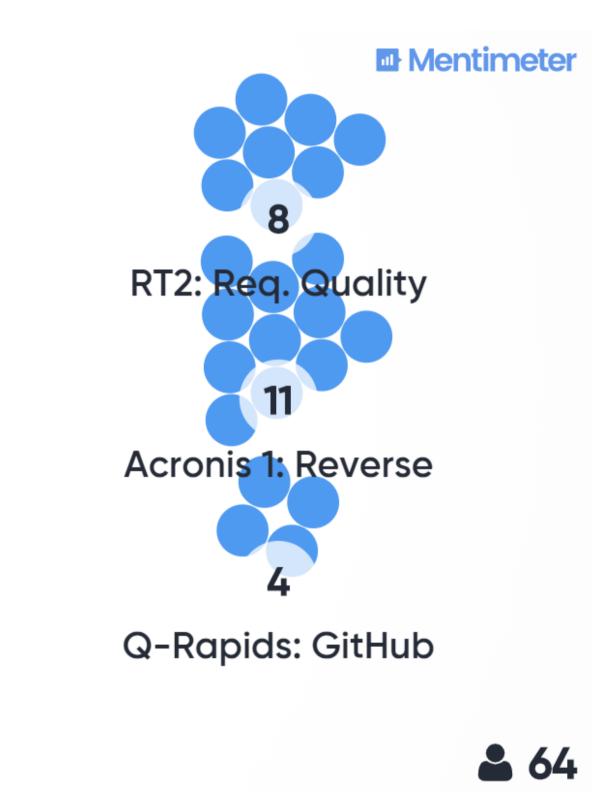
API usability



Tie case, audience favorite vote

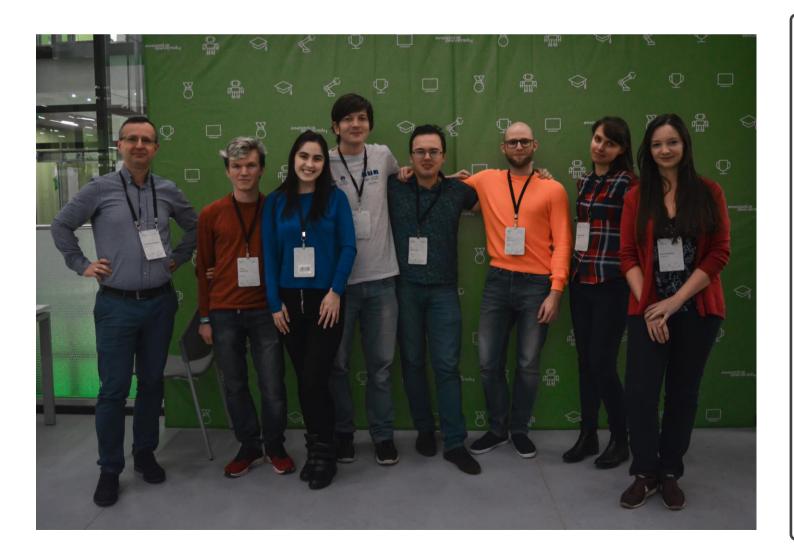












Award ceremony and after party



Reflections

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Challenges

- 1. Sourcing customers
- 2. Communicating benefits
- 3. Defining the scope
- 4. Remote customers
- 5. Admin effort
- 6. Equipment problems
- 7. Final presentation took too much of time
- 8. Cross fertilization among teams was very limited (= non-existent)
- 9. Voting procedure was unclear
- 10. Scalability concerns

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Meeting the expectations

- Expose to business domains
- Force soft skills development
- Maximize communication with real "customer"
- Expose to modern challenges in Soft. Engineering
- Maximize benefits to "customers"
- Re-enforce communication Faculty-Industry

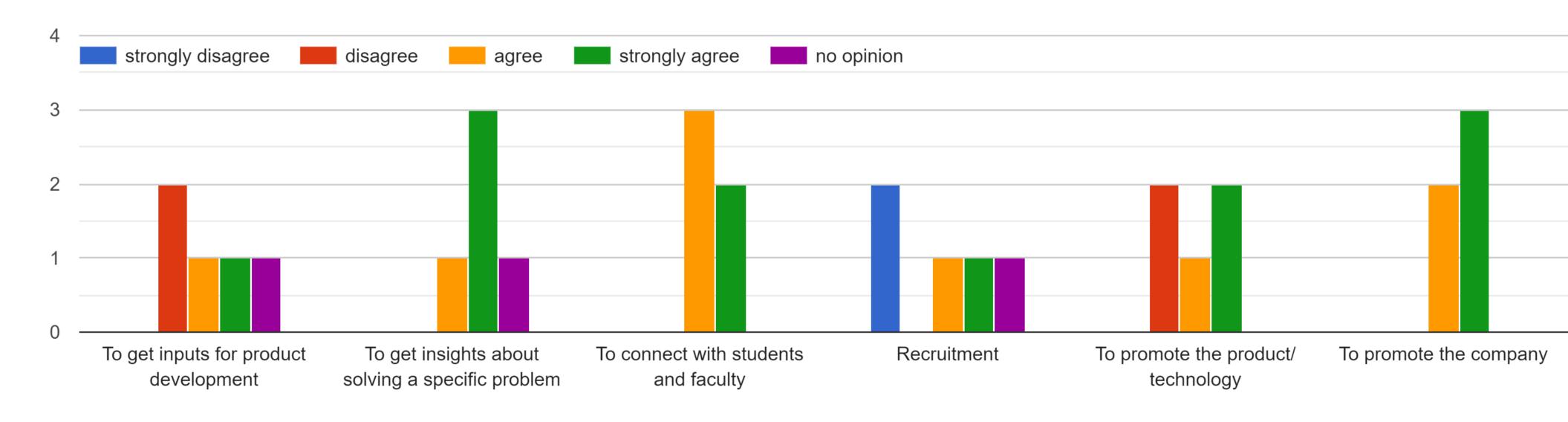


Unintended results

Students attend the main conference Students attend workshops and tutorial

Customers (5/7) - highlights on INITIAL expectations

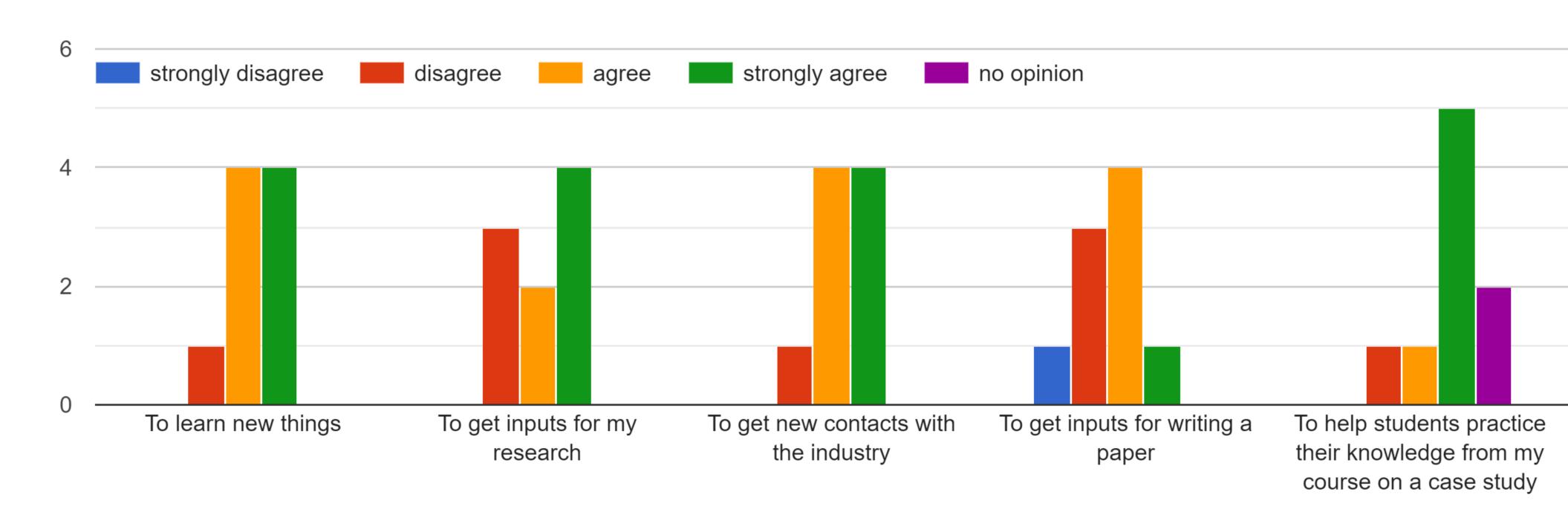
What were your INITIAL expectations from the event?



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Researchers (9) - highlights on INITIAL expectations

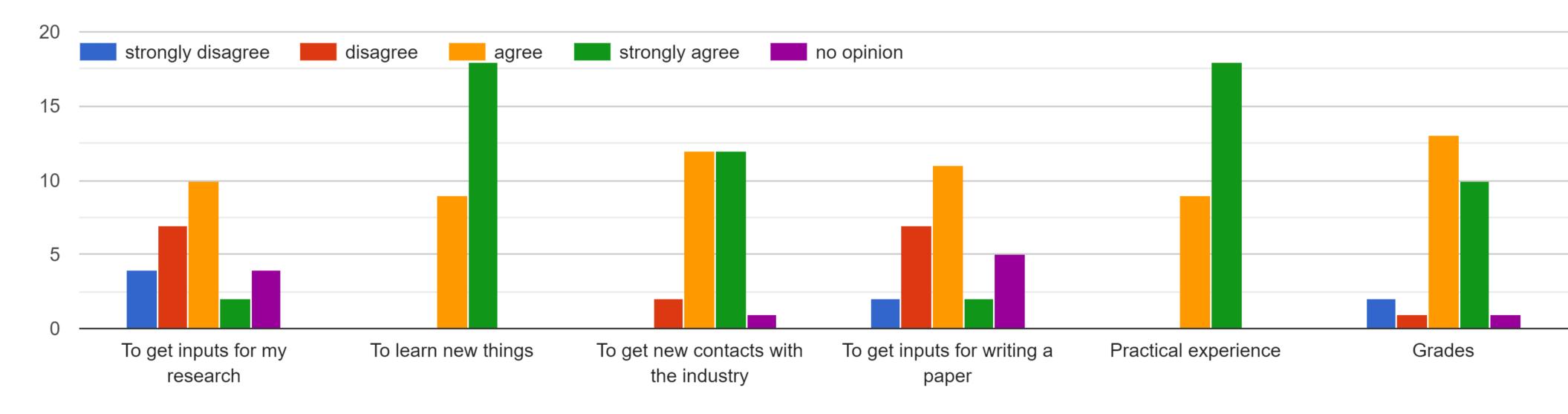
What were your INITIAL expectations from the event?



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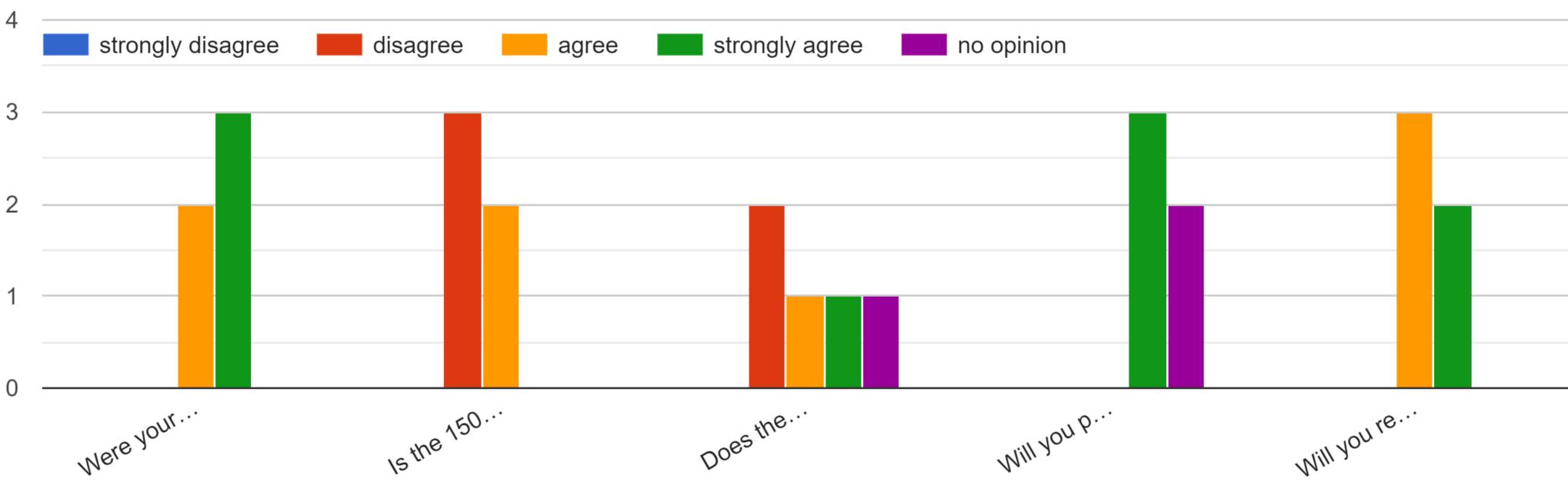
Students (27) - highlights on INITIAL expectations

What were your INITIAL expectations from the event?



Customers - highlights on OUTCOMES

Were you satisfied with the event?



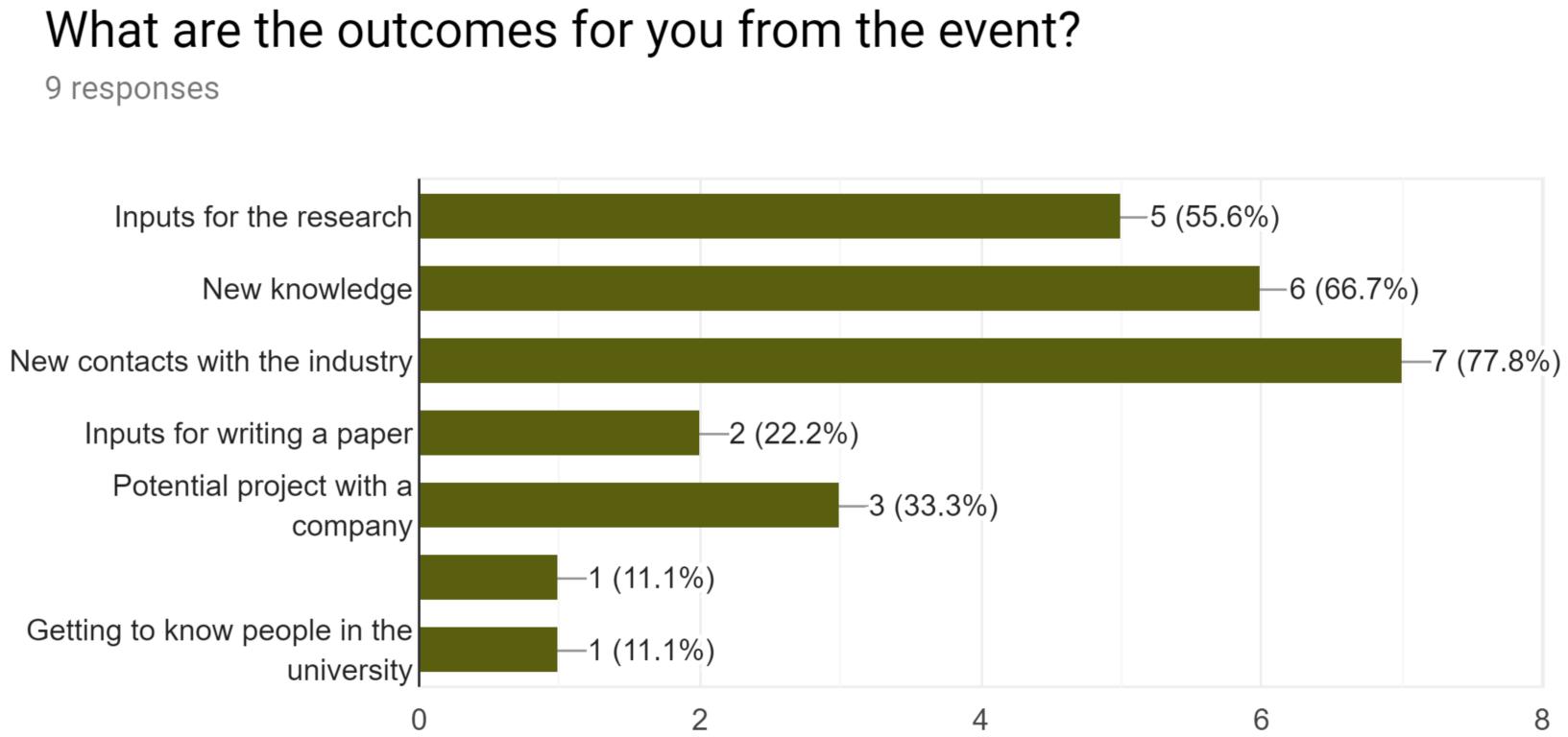






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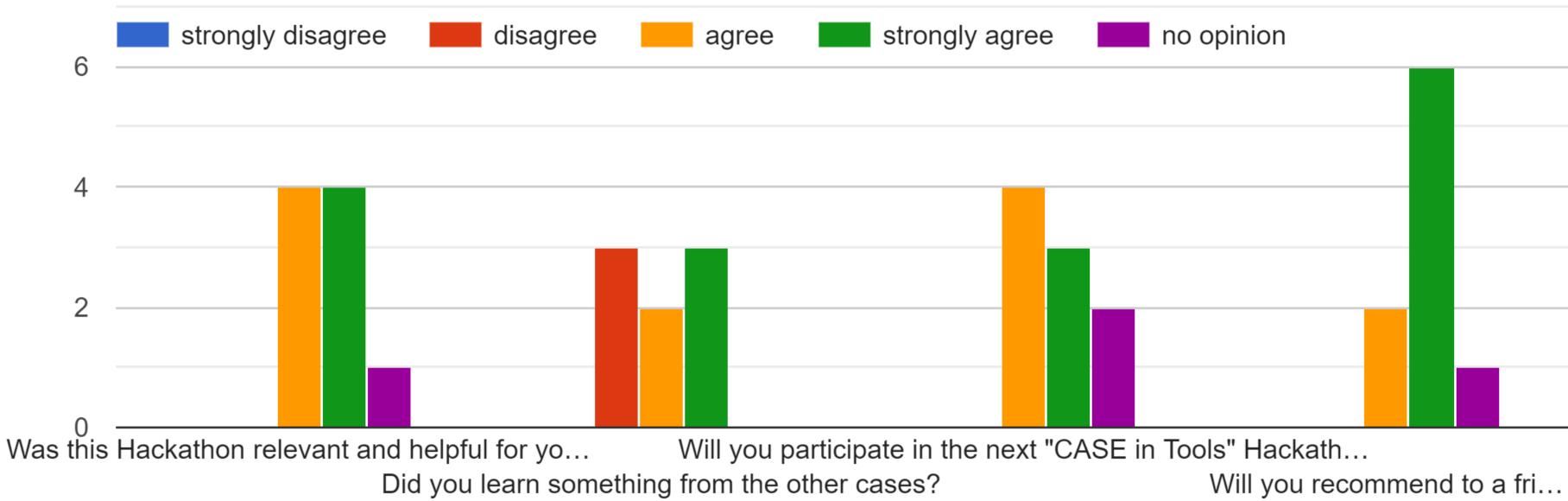
Researchers - highlights on OUTCOMES





Researchers - highlights on OUTCOMES

Were you satisfied with the event?

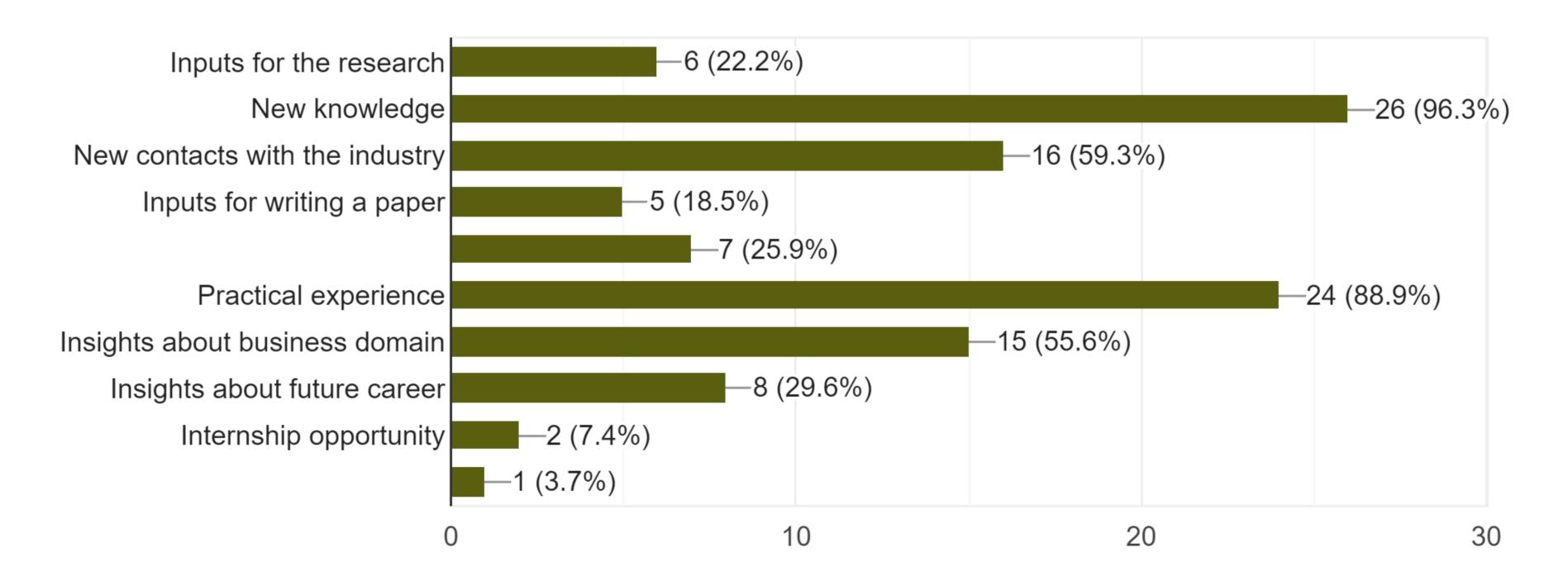




Students - highlights on OUTCOMES

What are the outcomes for you from the event?

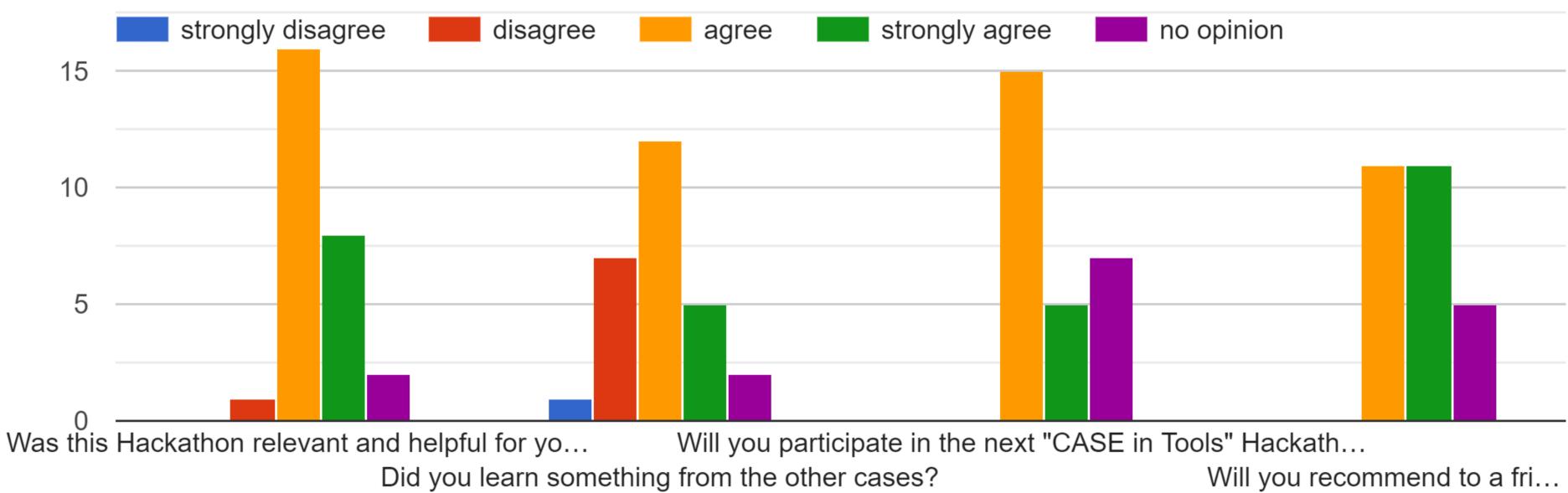
27 responses



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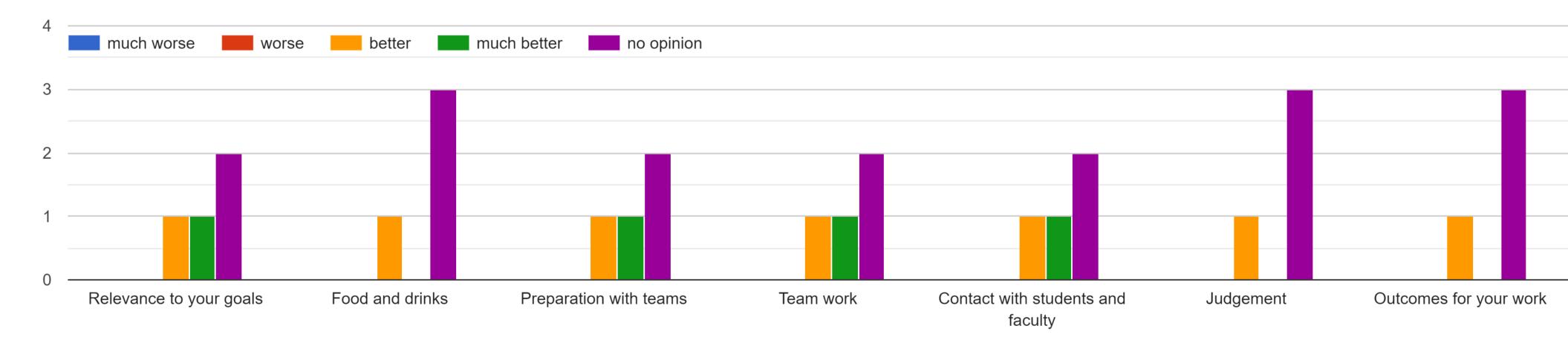
Students - highlights on OUTCOMES

Were you satisfied with the event?



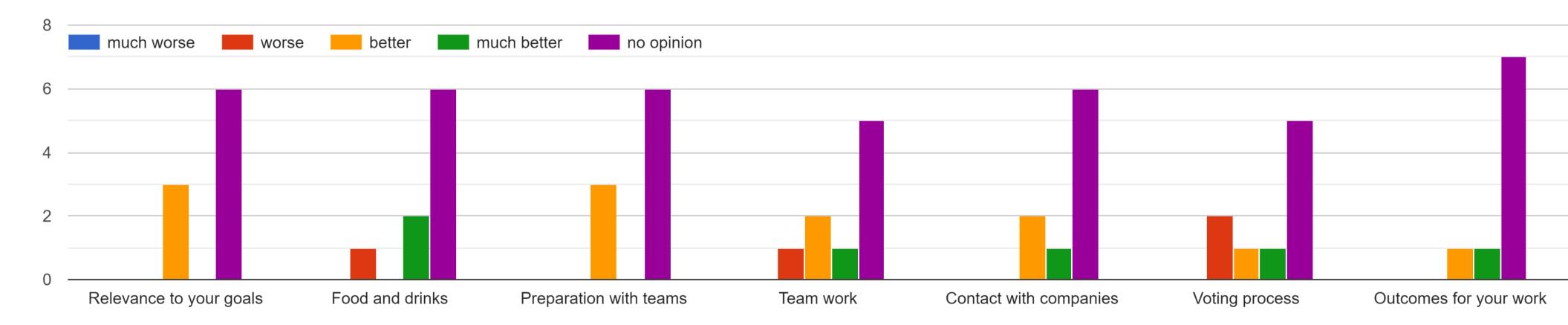
Customers. How do we differ from other Hackathons?

If you participated in other Hackathons, tell us how CASE in Tools differs.



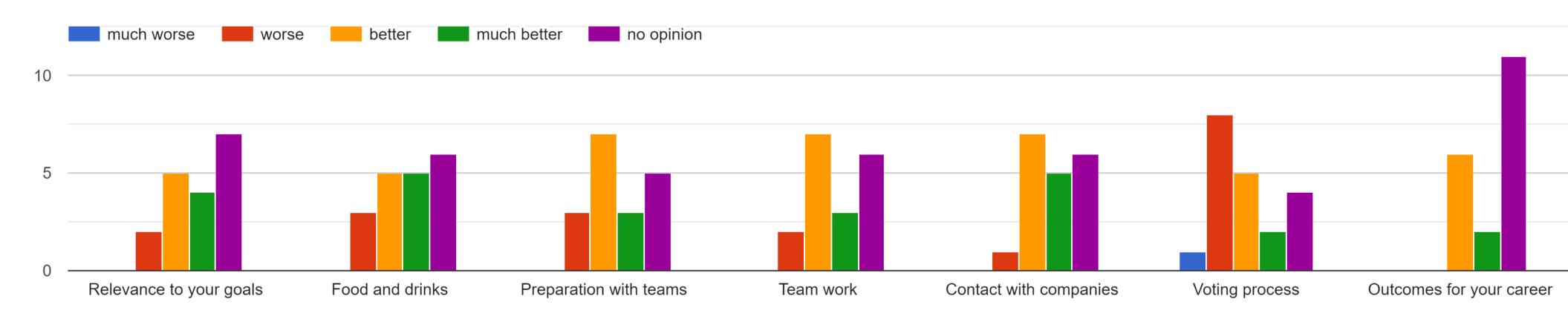
Researchers. How do we differ from other Hackathons?

If you participated in other Hackathons, tell us how CASE in Tools differs.



Students. How do we differ from other Hackathons?

If you participated in other Hackathons, tell us how CASE in Tools differs.



What is next?

- Further post-mortem analysis
- Hackathon at MSD next year
- Extending Hackathon to
 Software Quality and Reliability course
 - Checking quality of open source software used by customers



Hopes and dreams

- Easier sourcing of customers
- Easier admin organization
- Thorough planning for educational
 - experiment
- Follow up research projects with
 - industry

QU Hack: Quality In Use Hackathon

Cases from industry

- Analyse the quality of the open-source software package from a company
- Use any appropriate techniques: Quality Model, Metrics, Static Analysis, Dynamic Analysis, Process Quality, etc.
- Prepare presentation to convince the customer about the overall quality of the software package.
- See QU Hack

https://www.qualityinuse.info/finals https://www.qualityinuse.info/2020/finals

Evaluation

- Quality model appropriateness
- Soundness of analysis
- Nb of techniques applied
- Level of presentation / Team work









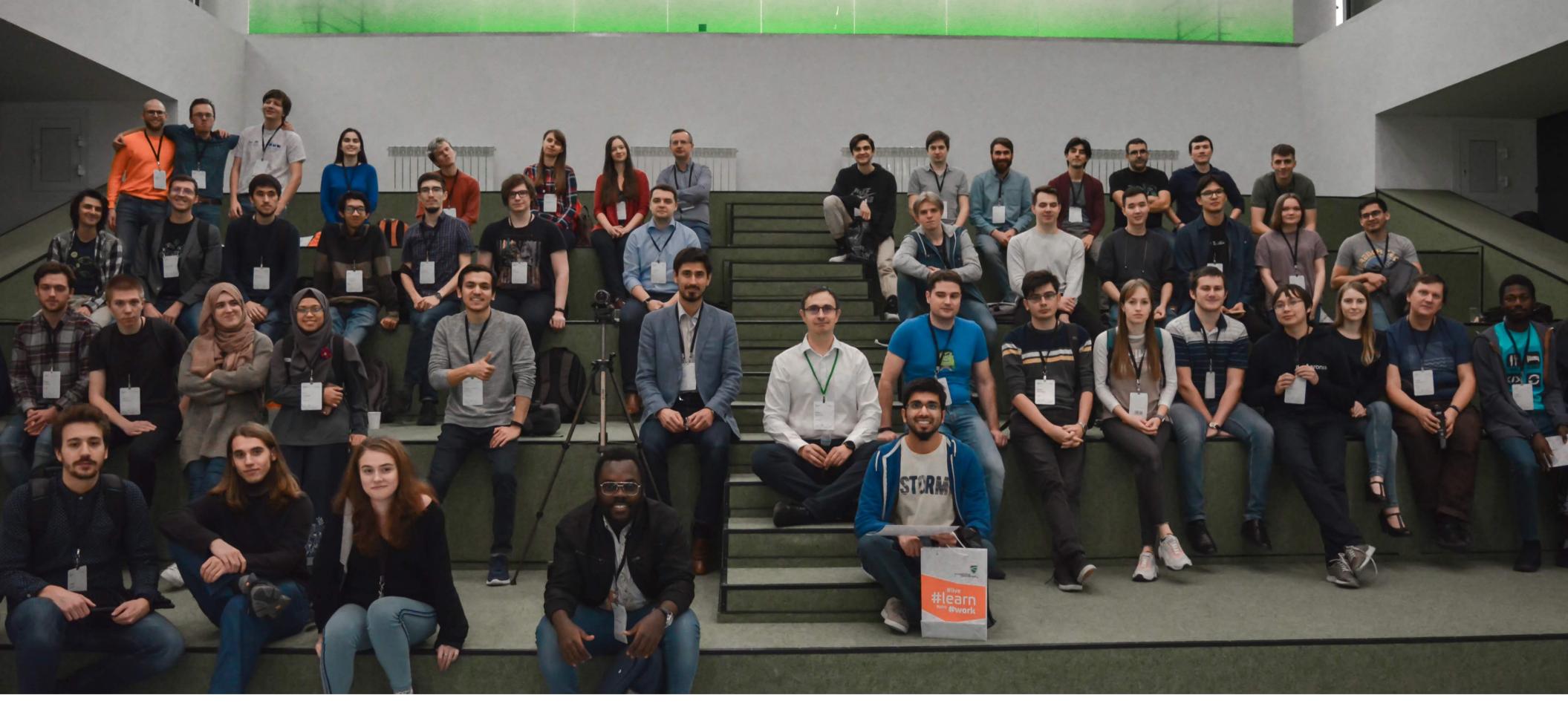












Thanks and come with us ...

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